Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

NUMBER 2156.] PHILADELPHIA: MONDAY EVENING, AUGUST 19, 1799. [VOLUME XVI.

The price of this Gazette is Eight Dollars per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one Dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in Advance.

UNITED STATES, } ss.
Pennsylvania District. }

IN Pursuance of a Writ to me directed from the Honorable Richard Peters, Esq. Judge of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Pennsylvania District, will be exposed to public sale at the Merchants' Coffee House in the City of Philadelphia on Tuesday the 20th day of August inst. at 12 o'clock at noon.

The armed French vessel,
CALLED
LE VAINQUEUR.

With all and singular her apparel, guns and appurtenances, captured by the public armed ship called the Ganges, Thomas Tingey, Esq. commander (the public armed vessel called the Norfolk, [illegible] Esq. being in sight of the said armed French vessel, and in company with the said ship Ganges, at the time of the said capture) and condemned according to law.

WILLIAM NICHOLS, marshal.

N. B. The inventory may be seen at my office.

Marshal's Office at Philadelphia August 10th, 1799 } dts

JUST ARRIVED,
In the ship Belvedere, John Frankford, commander, from Alicunt and Gibraltar.

308 PIPES BRANDY,

27 pipes
34 hogsheads } strong bodied RED WINE
32 quarter casks
15 butts } SHERRY
60 quarter casks
100 quarter casks Malaga Wine
290 kegs Raisins
450 boxes do.
94 jars do.

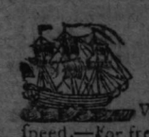
FOR SALE BY
NICKLIN & GRIFFITH,
Who also offer for sale,
THE SAID SHIP

BELVEDERE.

SHE is New-York built, coppered to the bends, mounts 14 six-pounders, with small arms in proportion, and sails fast.

august 13 m w & f tf

FOR LONDON,
THE SHIP



FAME,
EDWARD JONES, *Master,*
WILL sail with all convenient speed.—For freight or passage apply to
JOSEPH SIMS,
No. 174, South Third Street.
August 5. dtf.

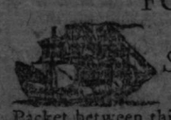
FOR CHARTER,

The British Letter of Marque
SHIP
LONDON,
SAMUEL ROPER, commander.

BURTHEN 330 Tons, coppered, sheathed, mounting Twenty guns, and will be ready to receive a cargo in about 14 days, for terms apply to *NICKLIN & GRIFFITH.*

WHO HAVE FOR SALE
ON BOARD SAID SHIP,
40 tons Patent Sheathing COPPER
assorted from 18 to 32 ounces to the square foot.
Composition Nails, Spikes and Bolts of various descriptions.
20 4lb. guns of 4 cwt. each,
40 6lb. do. 6 cwt. do.
12 9lb. do. 12 do.
16 do. do. with carriages, 12 cwt. each.
240 crates Queens Ware, assorted,
200 tons Fine Stoved Salt,
45 do. House Coal, and a quantity of Paints
august 3 codtf

FOR SALE,
The fast sailing Ship



SWIFT PACKET.

She is well calculated as a Packet between this and the southern states, having handsome and extensive accommodations for passengers. She is well suited for the streights or West India trade, and can be sent to sea at a trifling expence. The inventory may be seen and the terms of sale made known by applying to
N. & J. FRAZIER,
No. 95 South Front st.
may 30. dtw3awtf

SHIP BROKER'S OFFICE,
And Commission Store,
No. 119, SOUTH FRONT STREET,
Next door to the Custom House.

THE Subscriber, encouraged by the advice of his friends, offers his service to the public as a Ship and Insurance Broker.——He proposes to buy and sell vessels and every thing relating thereto—assist masters of vessels and others in entering and clearing at the Custom-House, procuring and shipping freight, settling Insurance and all other mercantile accounts, and have on hand the necessary Blanks and Stamps.

Papers in foreign languages translated, and information given in general mercantile matters.—From a knowledge gained by long experience of every branch of business he hopes to be useful to those who please to favor him with their commands. *SAMUEL EMERY.*

november 19 2aw

TO BE LET,
From the 1st of October next,
The STORES & WHARF,
ADJOINING the Drawbridge, now occupied by Mr. Joshua Gilpin.——The terms may be known by applying at No. 258, Market-street.
july 29 2tawtf

FOR SALE,
Pine Forge and Farm,

SITUATE in Douglas Township, Berks county, about one mile and a half from the River Schuylkill, and five from Potts Town. The Farm contains three hundred and sixty acres of land, about one hundred and twenty of which is wood land; twenty-five acres of meadow, sixteen of which is watered, besides clover fields; a very capital orchard containing upwards of two hundred apple trees.

The forge has four fires, two hammers, and four pair of bellows, is in complete order, having been lately repaired, and is capable of manufacturing two hundred and forty tons of bar iron annually.—Likewise, a saw Mill, smith shop, two coal houses, and a sufficient number of houses to accommodate workmen, all in good order. On the premises are a two story stone dwelling house and counting house stone barn and stables sufficient for thirty horses, a large grain barn, cow house, and every other building necessary for the use of the farm and works.

Also about five hundred acres of excellent chesnut timber land from 3 to 5 miles from the works; which will be sold either with the works or separate, as may suit the purchaser.

The purchaser can be accommodated with waggons, horses, and every other kind of stock necessary for carrying on the business.

The terms may be known by applying to JOHN CLEMENT STOCKER, Esq merchant, Philadelphia, or to the subscriber on the premises.

DAVID RUTTER.

july 25 w&f tf

FOR SALE,
The cargo of the brig Enterprise from Havanna
CONSISTING OF
300 boxes of white and brown Sugars,
90 hogsheads of Molasses,
And a few Tons of LOG WOOD,
Which will be landed in two or three days.
Apply to
WHARTON & LEWIS,
115 South Front street.
august 9 §

IRISH LINENS.
A good assortment of
4-4 & 7-8 wide Irish Linens,
in half boxes,
Some of which are very fine—also, a few bales
3-4 & 7-8 brown & half bleached Dowlas,
Suitable for the St Domingo trade, and entitled to drawback.
Which will be disposed of on reasonable terms by the package.
JAMES GLIBBORN & ENGLISH,
No. 13, south Front street.
july 19 tu t sa tf

JOHN MILLER, JUN.
No. 80, Dock, near Third Street.
Has for Sale.
Cossaes,
Bastas,
Mamoodies,
Taffaties,
Colicoes,
Patna
Romal and } Handkerchiefs.
Mulmul
The foregoing goods are now to be sold at
REDUCED PRICES,
N. B. Many of these Goods may be printed to advantage in this country.
may 16 3awtf

LAST NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of JOHN WARNER, *Ivory Turner,* late of this City, deceased, are requested to come forward and discharge their respective obligations, or they will be put in suit—and those having demands against said estate, are desired to furnish them, legally attested, for settlement, to
Robert Dawson, *executor.*
No. 101, North Second-Street.

TO BE DISPOSED OF,
A PARCEL OF
ELEPHANTS TEETH;
And for approved notes at 6 & 9 months,
A quantity of SLAB & CUT WHALEBONE
7 & 12 *feet long*—Enquire as above.
august 9 ¶1aw8w

JUST RECEIVED,
From the BOSTON Manufactory,
A QUANTITY OF
WINDOW GLASS,
Of different sizes.
FOR SALE BY,
ISAAC HARVEY, JUN.
N. B. Any size or sizes that may be wanted cut larger than 18 by 12 can be had from said manufactory, on being ordered; and attention given to forward on any orders that may be left for that purpose——Apply at No. 9, South Water-street, as above.
july 8 dtf

Lost or Mislaid,
A CERTIFICATE of one share of the Bank of the United States bearing date 1st January 1793, in the name of Joseph Thornburgh, No. 5138, for the renewal of which application hath been made at said Bank, and all persons concerned are desired to take notice thereof.
ROBERT DENISON, Junr.
Philadelphia, june 11. d3m

NOTICE.

THE heirs of the Reverend JOHN WADE, formerly from Yorkshire in Grea-Britain, late of the State of New-Jersey in the United States of America, are hereby requested to make application to the Subscriber, in Philadelphia, No. 131, Market Street, in order to receive the proceeds of the said estate.
EDWARD THOMSON,
Administrator to the Estate of the said John Wade.
August 7 d1m

TO LET,
A convenient, genteel and roomy two story
BRICK HOUSE,
With a large yard, near the corner of Market and Sixth streets.
Enquire at the Brewery, corner of Dock and Pear streets, of
LUKE W. MORRIS.
july 27 saw3w

Eighty Dollars Reward,
BROKE out of the PRISON for the City and County of Philadelphia, on the Night of the 31st July, 1799, the following described felons.

DANIEL HENDERSON,
An Irishman, about 35 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, full round face, dark hair, stout made, has a down look and fair complexion; was convicted in the county of Berks

CHRISTIAN SHARPE,
Alias JOHN THOMAS.
A native, of Dutch parents, about 24 years of age, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, straight well made, long visage, heavy eye brows, down look, a large head of hair, dark brown, which he wears queued down to his waist; was convicted in Cumberland county.

JOHN STRATTS,
Alias JOHN SOTO,
A Spaniard, about 30 years of age, five feet 10 inches high, well made, fair complexion, black frizled hair, which he wears queued; was convicted at Pittsburgh.

Went off also, at the same time a certain MARTIN KNOWLES, well known in this city, who was apprehended on the day of his escape for committing a burglary at the House of J. G. Koch.—The above reward will be paid for the delivery of the above named persons at the Prison of the City and County of Philadelphia, or on being secured in any jail in the United States, or twenty dollars for either of them.
PHILIP EDWARDS, *keeper.*
Philadelphia Prison, august 3. eod3w

TO BE SOLD,
An Invoice of Woollens,
CONSISTING of Coarse and Fine Cloths,—principally Dark Blue, and printed Cassimerds——Apply to
Owen & Jonathan Jones,
No 151 Market-street.
april 29 §

ROSS & SIMSON,
HAVE FOR SALE,
300 pieces 1st and 2d quality Russia Duck
100 pieces Ravens Duck (superior)
Boston Beef in Barrels,
A few bales Bengal } COSSAS HUMHUMS.
1100 bushels St. Martins Salt.
april 11 §

Now Landing from the ship Delaware, from Canton and for sale by the Subscribers.
Hyson,
Hyson Skin,
Young Hyson, & } TEAS.
Souchong,
Canton and Garden Fans,
Nankeens,
China Ware, assorted.
Umbrellas 13 to 30 inches,
Silk Handkerchiefs,
Hair Ribbons and Sewing Silks.
They have also remaining on Hand
Black Persians, Choppa and Pullicat Romalls,
And a general assortment of Dry Goods as usual.
Thomas & Joshua Fisher.
4th mo 26 5

TO BE SOLD BY
JESSE & ROBERT WAIN.
Old Port Wine, in Pipes, Hhds. and quarter casks,
Also Landing at their Wharf
From on board the ship Edward from Lisbon.
Lisbon Wine, in pipes and qr. casks.
june 25 §

THE PARTNERSHIP
TRADING under the Firm of HARTSHORNE, LARGE & Co. and JESSE & ROBERT WAIN, was dissolved 1 mo. 1st, 1798, and the partnership trading under the firm of HARTSHORNE & LARGE, was dissolved 15th of the 4th month last, all persons indebted to either of the above firms are requested to make immediate payment, and those that have demands to present their accounts.
7 mo. 13th d3m

Old French Brandy in large and small cases
100 boxes 7 by 9 & 8 by 10 Window Glass
20 chest pint & half-pint Tumblers, assorted
226 whole & 6 half-tierces Rice,
FOR SALE BY
Gurney & Smith.
may 1, 1799 §

An excellent Stand for Business
FOR SALE,
And possession immediately given.
THAT valuable stand for business at the head of Chester, Kent county, Maryland consisting of a brick store-house, 20 feet by 60, two stories high, three rooms on a floor, well apportioned for business, two twenty feet rooms for the reception of grain, and a counting room, and three rooms for goods, with an excellnet cellar under the whole, compleatly garnered off for salt and pickling pork, with a log corn crib adjoining, 10 feet by 40—This stand is situated in the handsomest and most advantageous part of the town for business and the prospect of returning good crops of wheat in the country around the head of Chester still tend to make it more desirable to those inclining to purchase.

For terms apply to messrs. *Levi Hollingsworth & Son,* Philadelphia, or the subscribers near the premises,
GEORGE V. M'CANN
W. THOMAS.

P S—If the above property is not sold in three months from this date, it will be rented.
July 9 d8w

Notice is hereby Given,
THAT application will be made for the issue of certificates for twenty two shares of the Stock of the Bank of the United States, in lieu of the undermentioned certificates for a like number of shares of the stock of the said Institution, in favour of James Eckley Colley, of Liverpool, lost by the capture of the Diana, Richard Kirkbride, master, on a voyage from Philadelphia to Liverpool, Great-Britain, viz.

Two certificates, No. 27,000 and 27001 for five shares each. Three certificates. No. 27002 and 27004, for four shares each.

G. SIMPSON, *Cashier.*
Bank of the United States, } taw3m
May 23, 1799.

THE partnership of Joshua B. Bond, and John Brooks, trading under the firm of Bond & Brooks, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, all persons indebted to them, are requested to make immediate payment to Joshua B. Bond, and those having demands to present their accounts to him for settlement,
Joshua B. Bond.
John Brooks.
april 1 §

MAIL COACHEES
Between PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE,
LEAVE Philadelphia every day, (Sunday excepted) at 8 o'clock, A. M. arrive at Baltimore the next day, by 11 o'clock, A. M.
Returning.
Leave Baltimore every day, (Sunday excepted) at 4 o'clock, A. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next day, by 9 o'clock, A. M.
Between NEW-YORK and PHILADELPHIA.
Leave Philadelphia every day (Sunday excepted) at 12 o'clock at noon, arrive at New-York the next morning, by 8 o'clock.
Returning.
Leave New-York every day (Sunday excepted) at one o'clock, P. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next morning, by 7 o'clock.
Seats in the Mail Coaches to be taken in
New-York,
At Burtman's Office, No. 5, Cortland-street
In Philadelphia.
At Francis' Hotel, No. 13, south Fourth-street, and at the Franklin Inn, No. 59, north Second street.
In Baltimore.
At Evans' Tavern.
Fare for Passengers, 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to New-York, and 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to Baltimore.
All baggage over 14lb. weight, is carried at 5 cents per pound.
The Proprietors are not responsible for Baggage.
LEVI PEASE,
Agent for the Public Line, from Philadelphia to Baltimore.
WARD, BROADHURST, JONES & Co.
Proprietors of the Mail Line, from Philadelphia to New-York.
General Post-Office, } 6
May 1,

FOR SALE
By SIMON WALKER,
Pine, near Fifth-street,
WOOLWICH proof Cannon—9 pounders, 61-2 feet long, 20 cwt. each, and 7 feet long, 25 cwt. each, with carriages, &c. completed ditto—6 pounders, 5 1-2 feet long, 15 cwt. each, and 6 feet long, 18 cwt. each, with carriages, &c. complete;
Carronades on sliding carriages, 12, 18 & 24 pounders, weighing 6 1-2, 8 and 13 cwt. each;
Boarding Pikes and Cutlasses;
English Cannon Powder;
Copper Sheathing Nails, Spikes and Bolts;
6, 9, 12, 18 and 24lb. round Shot;
6, 9, 18 and 24lb. double-headed do.
9, 18 and 24lb. Cannister Shot.
Also—a quantity of best English, Porter, Claret and Port Wine Bottles,
Taunton Ale in casks of 7 dozen each.
march 8. 2aw tf

NOTICE.
WHEREAS Messrs *FOOTMAN & CO.* have assigned all their property both real and personal, to the subscribers, in trust, for the benefit of their creditors; Therefore all persons who are indebted to said firm, or to Richard Footman, or Richard S. Footman, prior to the 23d March, 1799, are requested forthwith to make payment or they will be immediately put in suit, and those who have claims against them are desired to exhibit them properly attested, to either of the subscribers.
SAMUEL PRICE, } *Assignees appoint-*
SAMUEL YORKE, } *ed by the Court.*
Philadelphia, July 31, 1799. d1m

THE SUBSCRIBER
HAVING been appointed administrator to the estate of the rev. JOHN WADE (deceased) late of New Jersey—
NOTICE is hereby given to all persons indebted to the said estate, to make immediate payment to the subscriber, and those who have any demands against the same, to render their accounts without delay, properly attested
Edward Thompson,
no. 131, Market street
july 13 d1m

TO BE LET,
Possession to be given on the 26th August,
A convenient Three Story Brick House,
SITUATE in Spruce between Second and Third Street; apply at No. 110 South Second Street
july 18 dt

Unseated Lands in Luzerne County.
THE owners of unseated lands in Luzerne county (Penn.) are hereby notified, that unless the taxes due on said lands for the year 1796, are paid into the hands of General Lord Butler, County Treasurer, on or before the 20th day of August next, they will be advertised for sale as the law directs.
John Phillips,
John Jenkins } County Commis'rs
Thomas Wright
Commissioners' Office,
Wilkesbarre, July 1, '99 } (16) dt20A

UNSEATED LANDS.
THE owners of Unseated lands in FAYETTE COUNTY (Penn.) are hereby notified, that unless the taxes due on said lands for the years 796, 1797 and 1798, are paid into the hands of General Ephraim Douglass, County Treasurer, on or before Thursday the 19th day of September next, they will be advertised for sale as the law directs
Caleb Mounts,
James Allen. } County Commis'rs
John Fulton,
Union Town, June 5, '99. (14) d3m

Lost or Mislaid,
A CERTIFICATE of one share of the Bank of the United States, No. 4933, in the name of Julia Wadsworth Knox, and for which, application is made at the Bank of the United States for the renewal of said certificate; and all persons concerned are desired to take notice. CLEMENT BIDDLE.
may 23 d3m

Fashionable Millinery.
ELIZA M'DOUGALL,
NO. 134, MARKET-STREET,
HAS just received per ship Thomas Chalkley and Adriana, from London, an elegant assortment of the most fashionable MILLINERY, viz.
Chemilla rosette FEATHERS
Fancy flowers
Black tissany flowers
Wreaths
Pink, yellow and blue crape, full dress caes
Do. do. and do. Nelson's bonnets
Infant's pipe straw bonnets
Maid's fancy do. do.
Women's do. do. do.
Do. do. shades
Do do hats
Fancy bugle shoe roses
Do. do. trimmings
Black, white, blue, yellow, pink and orange crape
Black, white and green gauze veils
Do. gauze cloaks
N. B. And per Harmony, just arrived, a further assortment of Millinery.
June 26 eotf.

Received by the ship Adriana, captain Carl-
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
HAIR SEATINGS,
Suitable for chair and sopha covers, consisting of striped and plain, and of the following widths, viz 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24 26, 28, 30 and 32 inches.
FOR SALE BY
GEORGE PENNOCK,
july 8 eotf

AT a special meeting of the Board of property in Lancaster, June 24, 1799.
Present,
Daniel Brodhead, Sec. Gen. } *of the Land*
John Hall, Secretary, } *office.*
Francis Johnston, Reg. Gen. }
The petition of Thomas Stewardson on behalf of himself and the other trustees for the estate of Samuel Caldwell, surviving partner of James Meese, bearing date Philadelphia, 5th Month 17th 1799, stated as follows, viz. That a certain John Collins had in consequence of fraudulent deeds poll, obtained patents for two certain tracts of land, one situate in the county of Northumberland, surveyed to Samuel Caldwell in pursuance of a warrant dated in 1774; and the other situate now in Luzerne county, surveyed to said Caldwell by a warrant also dated in 1774—and requested that patents might be granted, for the said tracts, to William Crammond, Edward Tilghman, John Ashley, and Thomas Stewardson, trustees of the estate of Samuel Caldwell, surviving partner of James Meese, as the said two tracts were part of the estate of Meese and Caldwell.

Whereupon the Board having considered the same, ordered that at least sixty days notice be given in one of the Philadelphia newspapers, and in the Lancaster Journal to the said Collins or his assigns, to appear before the Board on the first Monday in October next, to shew cause if any he or they have, why patents should not issue for the said two tracts to the said trustees agreeably to the prayer of the said petition.
A true copy
For JOHN HALL, Esq.
Sec'ry of Land Office.
N. LUFBOROUGH.
july 2. dam

Twenty Dollars Reward.
DESERTED from the Rendezvous at Easton, JOHN FRANTOM, a soldier in the 9th U. States regiment, 5 feet 8 inches high, blue eyes, swarthy complexion and brown hair, which he wears long and queued; he stoops much in walking, and has a considerable impediment in his speech.

At the same time SOLOMON KINNIMONT, a soldier in the same regiment; he is a handsome young man, 19 years old, 5 feet 10 and a quarter inches high, black eyes, short brown hair, fair complexion.

They were enticed to desert by two men who said they had served as marines on board the Baltimore sloop-of-war, and went off with an intenton to enlist in that service; both were in full uniform, though they will probably change their dress.

The above reward will be given for delivering the two, or ten dollars for either of them, to any officer of the ninth regiment; by
M. TILGHMAN,
1st Lieutenant 9th U. S. Regiment.
Easton (M.) Aug. 1. (5) d3w

FOR SALE,
A variety of Lots, many of them very advantageously situated north of the city of Philadelphia, in different parts of the Land known as the Estate of the late William Martin, Esq—many of the lots afford valuable sites for Country seats, not excelled by any with in the same distance of the City, other lots are well adapted for Garden Grounds, Pasture &c. a third description is well calculated for buildings fronting upon Frankford road, Second, Third, and Fourth streets continued to the German Town Road and also on Cross Roads designed to be laid out from Fourth Street to Turners Lane, to which the property extends—For further particulars, application to be made to
NICHOLAS HOLYDAY,
on the Premises westward of Fourth Street.
8 july dtf.

DONATION LANDS.
Notice is hereby given,
THAT Claims for Donation Lands granted by the State of Pennsylvania to the Officers and Soldiers of the Line belonging to the said State in the late war, will be received at the Office of Comptroller General of said State until the 1st September next inclusive, and that the subscribers authorised by law will sit as a Board at the said Office on every Monday from ten o'clock in the forenoon until one in the afternoon, to hear and determine all unsatisfied Claims already filed, as well as those which may be filed on or before the said first day of September next.
JOHN DONNALDSON, Comt'r.
SAMUEL BRYAN, Regt'r.
PETER BAYNTON, Treas'r.
Department of Accounts of }
Pennsylvania, May 15, '99. }
(16) d1w (m.w.sa 1f)

ELECTION.

At a respectable meeting of a large number of the inhabitants of Germantown, Roxborough, and Bristol, in the county of Philadelphia, held at Riter's tavern, in Germantown, on Thursday the 15th inst.

Col. THOMAS DUNGAN was appointed chairman, and
CHARLES W. HARE, Secretary.

It was resolved, that a committee be appointed to report resolutions expressive of the sense of this meeting, on the subject of the ensuing election for Governor.

The committee accordingly reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted.—

Resolved, That inasmuch as the Governor of this Commonwealth, is invested, not only with the Executive powers of Government; but with the high privilege of controuling in an important degree, the proceedings of the Legislature; with dispensing the principal offices of the State; with rescuing criminals out of the hands of Justice, by pardoning their offences; and with the command of the military power of the Commonwealth; it is therefore essential to the prosperity, peace, order and happiness of the people of Pennsylvania, that the person holding this important station, should be eminent for his republican principles, wisdom, activity, firmness, moderation, and temperance.

Resolved, That at the present period, when a war is carried on by a foreign nation, not only against the lives and properties, but the religion and governments, of their opponents; and when the United States, by the aggressions of that nation, are in danger of being involved in this destructive warfare; it is peculiarly important that the Chief Magistrate of Pennsylvania, should be a person, whose mind is not shackled with partiality for foreign principles and politics, whose dispassionate and cautious temper, may secure us from any dangerous or indiscreet exercise of power, and whose vigor and resolution may render his efforts as efficient as possible, if war should prove unavoidable.

Resolved, that in the opinion of this meeting, the various qualifications necessary to the execution of this high and important office, are united in JAMES ROSS, Esq. of Pittsburgh; whose virtues and talents placed him at an early period of life, in the councils of this State and the United States; in which arduous stations his wisdom, eloquence, activity, firmness and moderation, have been eminently useful to his country, and honorable to himself.

Resolved, That the members of this meeting, will therefore, at and before the time of the ensuing general election, use all honorable efforts to promote the election of Mr. Ross, to be Governor of this Commonwealth.

Resolved, That the following persons be appointed to act as committees in their respective townships; whose office it shall be to correspond with the other similar committees, and in concurrence with them, to use all proper means for promoting the election of Mr. Ross.—Viz.

For Germantown Township.
Charles M'Enett, John Fromberger,
Capt. Wm. Lesher, Henry Sweyer,
Charles Nice.

For Bristol Township.
Geo. Benneville, Robt. Morris,
Capt. Henry Young.

For Roxborough Township.
David Davis Enoch Rittenhouse,
Peter Robinson.

Resolved, That this meeting will support JOSEPH BALL Esq. as Senator to represent the city and county of Philadelphia and county of Delaware, in the ensuing General Assembly.

Resolved, That the citizens of the county of Philadelphia, friends to the election of *JAMES ROSS* Esq. as Governor of this Commonwealth, be requested to meet on Monday the 2d of September, at the Widow Lesher's, in Germantown, in order to nominate proper persons to fill the several elective offices which will become vacant at the next general election.

Resolved, That the corresponding committee be instructed to cause the proceedings of this meeting to be published in handbills, and distributed among their fellow-citizens.

Resolved, That the above resolutions be signed by the chairman, and countersigned by the secretary; and that they be published in the English and German newspapers.

THOMAS DUNGAN, chairman.
CHARLES W. HARE, sec'ry.

—

Those Citizens of Delaware County, who are desirous that JAMES ROSS, of Pittsburgh, should succeed the present Governor, are requested to meet at the Black Horse, in the township of Middletown, on the 17th day of Aug. next at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, in order to consult on measures to promote his election.

HUGH LLOYD, Chairman,
of the Corresponding Committee of
Delaware county.

July 30, 1799.

—

NORTHERN LIBERTIES.

The Members of the Corresponding Committee, appointed at a meeting of the friends of Mr. Ross, will take notice that they are to meet every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock at Robert Meldrum's tavern in the Northern Liberties, where the several ward committees are respectfully requested to attend. Aug. 6

At a numerous and respectable meeting of the freemen of the townships of Oxford, Lower Dublin, Byberry and manor of Moreland, held the 10th inst. at the house of John Sagar, in Bustleton, for the purpose of fixing on a suitable character to be run for governor at the ensuing election;—

The meeting having taken into consideration the genuine republican principles of James Ross, Esq. of Pittsburgh; his warm attachment to our Constitution, and known impartiality respecting all foreign Governments;

Resolved unanimously, That they will, by all fair and candid means in their power, support him with their votes and interests for the office of chief magistrate.

Resolved, that in order to assist in promoting this desireable object, a committee, consisting of two persons from each township, be appointed in this district to correspond with other committees already appointed for that purpose.

Resolved, That Messrs. Frederick Caster, John M'Clellan, Thomas Paul, William Lardner, Joshua Comely, Edward Duffield, jun. Benjamin Walmsly, and Evan Townsend, be a committee agreeable to the foregoing resolve.

THOMAS HOLME, Chairman.
Lower Dublin, Aug. 12, '99.

—

THE Grand Jury for the County of Delaware, at July Sessions 1799, impressed with the importance of selecting a suitable character to succeed the present Governor, at the ensuing Election, whose attachment to the Constitution and Government of the United States, would be likely to insure a just, impartial and decisive administration, and having full confidence in the integrity, patriotism and talents of JAMES ROSS, Esq. of Pittsburgh, do therefore unanimously recommend him to the suffrages of our fellow Citizens of Delaware county.

Aug. 8.

—

At a numerous and respectable meeting of the Citizens of Philadelphia and the liberties thereof, held at Dunwoody's in the city of Philadelphia on Tuesday the 13th inst. for the purpose of fixing upon a suitable person to fill the IMPORTANT *office of* GOVERNOR *of this State, the following Resolutions were unanimously adopted, viz.*

Resolved, as the sense of this meeting, That it is essential to the honor and the happiness of Pennsylvania, and highly important to the best interests of the United States, that, at the ensuing election of governor of this commonwealth, the suffrages of our fellow citizens should be given to a candidate who, combining the requisites of talents and integrity with temperance of character and independence of connexion, will ably and faithfully execute the trusts of that high station, who conciliating the particular interests of the state with the general interests of the United States, will cordially cultivate the necessary intercourse with the Federal Government; and who, having never avowed himself the partizan of foreign politics, will be at perfect liberty to pursue the exclusive advantage of his own country.

Resolved, as the sense of this meeting, That JAMES ROSS, of Pittsburg, unites, in an eminent degree, the requisites, expressed in the preceding resolution, to fill the high office of Governor of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania; and that this meeting being justified in their opinion by the uniform tenor of his private and public conduct, will give him their best support at the ensuing election.

And whereas certain persons, who are desirous of imposing another candidate on the citizens of Pennsylvania, far from imitating the laudable example which had been given by the friends of Mr. Ross, of carefully abstaining from all illiberality of opinion, have attempted to aid their purpose by false and indecent insinuations that their opponents are influenced by unworthy motives, and as silence, under such censure, might be tortured into a concession of its truth:

Resolved, as the sense of this meeting, that the corresponding committee heretofore appointed, be instructed to prepare an address to our fellow citizens throughout the state, on the subject of said election, wherein, if they shall deem it necessary or useful to defeat the projects of our antagonists, they shall be at liberty freely to examine and discuss the merits of the opposite candidate, and the pretensions of those persons, who thus presume to assign improper motives to the conduct of others; and that, unawed by official character, or by any other consideration, the individuals who compose this meeting will aid the examination and discussion, if they shall be resolved on, by supplying every necessary information, whether it shall tend to expose the inability or defects of the opposite candidate; or to illustrate and explain the characters of those individuals who style themselves his supporters, and who have thus dared, under their signatures, to impeach the integrity of their opponents.—And in adducing this information (Mr M'Kean's services as a judge being much relied on) it may be necessary to resort to the remonstrances of Juries, and the representations of the Bar, to expose his judicial tyranny and intolerance, or to the deliberate declarations of political wishes and opinions which, if realized, would subvert the liberty, the religion, and the social order of our country.

Or, in discussing the pretensions of those men who have thus falsely stigmatized their opponents, it may be necessary to recur to Proclamations which have proscribed some of them as TRAITORS—to examine dockets to have the most disgraceful allegations against others—to enquire into the equivocal circumstances which cloud the late coming of others of them to America, who, like birds of ill omen, have made their appearance among us since the revolution, and who now dare to question the motives of men who hazarded all that was dear to them in establishing the Independence of America. The committee are requested, if they are resolved to recriminate, to give to all the facts which they may state, such solemn sanction as will stamp conviction on the minds of whoever may peruse them.

ROBERT WHARTON, *Chairman.*

Resolved, that a committee of three be appointed to attend a meeting to be held in the county of Philadelphia, and a committee of three to attend a meeting to be held in the county of Delaware for the purpose of representing to the said meetings the determination of this meeting to support Joseph Ball, Esq. as Senator, and to desire a co-operation on their part, when

Mr. Levy Hollingsworth, Mr. Henry Prat, and John Hallowell, Esq. were appointed to attend the meeting in the county of Philadelphia, and

Mr. John Wall, Mr. Jesse Sharpless, and Michael Keppele, Esq were appointed to attend the meeting in the county of Delaware.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the different German and English newspapers throughout the state, signed by the Chairman and countersigned by the Secretary.

(Signed) ROBERT WHARTON,
Chairman.

Attest, JOHN EWING, *Secretary.*

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THIS is to give notice, That the Subscriber, of Elkton, hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of Cecil County, in Maryland, letters of Administration, on the personal estate of *SAMUEL HEWETT*, late of said County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned, to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the Subscriber, at or before the first day of March next—They may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 15th day of August, 1799.

JOHN MILLER, *Adm'r.*
aug. 17. d5w

Notice is Hereby Given,

THAT the Officers and Crew of the Constellation will receive their prize money for the Frigate L'Insurgent, by calling on CHARLES BIDDLE, No. 243, Market-street, or

HENRY BENBRIDGE.
july 12 dtm

For Sale at Public Auction,
On WEDNESDAY next,
At 1 o'clock, P. M. at the Coffee-House,

THE SHIP
CAMILLA,
Burthen 262 48/95 tons,
As she now lays at Walnut street wharf,

With her guns, small arms, ammunition, stores, &c. an inventory of which may be seen at the auction room. The Camilla is a firm, good Philadelphia built ship, about 8 years old, and may be sent to sea with little expence.

CONNELLY & CO, Auct'rs
august 17 ¶ dts }

For *LIVERPOOL.*

The British letter-of-marque ship.
THE LONDON,
Samuel Roper, commander,

Burthen 300 tons, coppered to the bends and mounting 16 six-pounders. A great part of her cargo being ready to go on board, she is intended to sail as soon as possible——For freight or passage apply to the captain on board, or to

NICKLIN & GRIFFITH.
august 15 5

JUST RECEIVED,
Per the MARIA, from *HAMBURG*, and
NOW LANDING,
At Wilcocks's wharf, from on board the IRIS, from *BREMEN*,
And for sale by the subscriber,
353 PACKAGES LINNEN,
Consisting of

Bielefeld Linnen	Elberfeld Checks
Warendorp do	Checks and Stripes
Rouanes	Harlem Checks
White Platillas	Listadoes
Brown do.	Ticklenburghs
Craes à la Morlaix	Osnaburgs
Dowlas	Halblaken
Bretagnes	Weser Linnen
Buccadillas	Bag Linen
Quadruples Silesias	Myer Linnen
Bed-ticks	Estopillas
Pocket Handkerchiefs.	

Also for Sale,
400 boxes Claret
40 hhds. do
70 Tons St. Petersburg Hemp
5 Casks Brittles
200 pieces Sailduck
7 Bales German Cloth
800 Demijohns
80 Liquor Cases

ERICK & LEWIS BOLLMANN.
No 113 South 3d Stre
aug 14 d1 ot af. 2w1ot

COUNTRY HOUSE,
NEAR GERMANTOWN,

TO be disposed of by Private Contract an Elegant *COUNTRY RETREAT*, consisting of a Stone House, Stone Barn, a Spring House, Coach House, Stables, &c. with every other convenience necessary; excellent Gardens, with the choicest kinds of fruit trees, with from ten to fifteen acres of Land, seven acres of which is thriving young Woodland.

Further particulars may be known by enquiring of the Printer.

If required, more Land may be had to suit the purchaser.

august 3 d2w

Wants a place as a Coachman,

OR as an Attendant to a travelling gentleman, a steady capable man, who can produce satisfactory recommendations. Enquire at Mr. Richard Hunt's, No. 28, south Fourth street.

august 14 5

Foreign Intelligence.

From the LONDON OBSERVER.

SUNDAY, June 9, 1799.

—

PUBLIC CHARITIES.

The epitaph of a Charitable Man recorded—*ubi nescio*, says, "What I spent, I lost; what I possessed, is left to others; what I gave away, remains with me."

The details of benevolence in our former Numbers upon this subject, greatly preponderate in a contrast with the admitted profligacy of the age; but in describing the humane and active ability with which the infant mind is trained to virtue, and the still lovely penitent is restored to it, we but entered upon a cause which, if not allowed to finish, we trust will find and a more able though it cannot a more zealous advocate.

The difficulty to discriminate between objects so every way meritorious, might diminish our humble efforts to benefit Institutions yet unnoticed, lest their success in one instance should be injurious in another, but that in looking to the lists where

"Each man makes his own statue, builds himself:
"(Virtue alone outbuilds the Pyramids;
"Her Monuments shall last, when Egypt's fall;)

we miss the names of many of the affluent, because they know not that the superflux of their wealth would relieve the unprotected, the diseased, the indigent, and afford a gratification to which the dissipated sensualist must ever be a stranger. Juvenal says——

"Who can all sense of others ills escape,
"Is but a brute, at best, in human shape."

But we trust there are few such characters in this Country, and that an ignorance of the nature of our Public Charities, in a principal degree, occasions the comparatively limited number of their patrons, whose infinite merit no strength of language can describe.

The observations which appeared in this Paper on the 21st of April, and the subsequent Numbers, in our accounts of the Foundling Asylums and of the Magdalens, are materially applicable to our various Hospitals and Dispensaries—Humanity and policy alike advocate them all—each is an offering to the Diety. In the year 1746,

THE LOCK HOSPITAL

was established by voluntary subscription, to relieve, not only the irreproachable victim to the profligacy of her husband, and the infant, innocent of the crimes of its parent, or its nurse, but even the offender, from the agonizing dissolution inevitable from the want of proper treatment. This institution, imitating the mercy of GOD to the guilty, receives the friendless and often half naked profligate, and whilst anguish prepares the mind, inculcates Religion, whose precepts are generally as grateful as they had been unknown.

"Great numbers of the patients are the most ignorant as well as the most profligate of the human race; it cannot be expected, therefore, that they should be met with in places of worship, to receive the instruction, for the want of which they are perishing, and seducing others into the same ruinous courses. But the desire of a cure brings them into the Hospital, and there the proper means are used of making them wise unto salvation."

Here is an altar for the missionary to make his offering.—In the heart of the Capital of the Empire thousands of the human race are strangers to the Gospel, and have heard the name of their Maker only in execrations. The Foundling Institutions have the glory to protect the rising generation; but let not the present perish! The offspring of the profligate, nurtured in vice, have no means to learn those sentiments of Religion and Loyalty of which their teachers are ignorant, until infirmity or disease compels the sufferer to supplicate admission into an Hospital, as the only means to prolong existence. How afflicting to Humanity how injurious to Religion, that they should ever supplicate in vain! but though the Patrons of these inestimable Institutions give their personal attendance, as well as their money, and though the most eminent Physicians and Surgeons in the world devote themselves without any other reward than what results from the exercise of benevolence, the funds of all our Public Charities are inadequate, not only to their greater extension, but in some instances, to their present support.

THE MIDDLESEX HOSPITAL.

Was instituted in 1745, for the reception of Sick and Lame, and for the relief of Lying in married Women; to which dispositions the munificence of the late Mr. S. Whitbread, in 1792, added a ward for Persons afflicted with Cancers. Sufferers by accident are at all times admitted without recommendation, and all in-patients received without their incurring any expence.—This admirable Establishment had on the 1st day of the present year relieved 102,309 patients, of whom 10,132 were pregnant women; and during the last year alone 210 persons were admitted into the House without any recommendation, in consequence of their having met with accidents. A person subscribing 50l. or five guineas annually may recommend five Lying in women, an equal number of Lame in-patients. A subscriber of 30l. or three guineas per annum may recommend three Pregnant Women, three sick in-patients, and six out. The physicians are J. Mayo, H. Vaughan, P. W. Mayo, and ——Poignard. The surgeons Messrs. S. Howard, D. Minors, H. Witham, and J. Howard: all of whom, like the other Gentlemen, attend without pecuniary reward.

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WANTS A PLACE,
AS WET NURSE,

A YOUNG WOMAN with a good breast of Milk, who can be well recommended, enquire at No. 104, Chesnut-street.

aug. 10 3t

CHARLESTON, August 3.

Yesterday arrived the brig Aurora, Corrie, Cadiz, 37 days.

By this arrival we learn, that there had been no accounts received at Cadiz of an engagement between the two fleets in the Mediterranean, before she sailed.

The Spanish fleet had arrived at Carthagena on the 20th May, after experiencing a severe gale of wind off Oran, on the Barbary coast, on the 16th and 17th, in which eleven sail of the line, one frigate and a sloop of war were dismasted.

The French fleet sailed for Toulon, where it arrived in safety about the same time, and remained there until the 29th May, when it sailed again.—It consisted of 24 sail of the line; its destination is not known, but supposed to be for Genoa.

The English fleet consisting of 25 sail of the line, under Lord St. Vincent, had got as high as Minorca, where it continued to cruise, until accounts were received of the disaster of the Spanish fleet, it then sailed up the Mediterranean, it was supposed to look for the French fleet.

The Spanish fleet went into the Mediterranean to cover an expedition which was to have been made from Carthagena and Barcelona, against Minorca; but in consequence of the fleet being disabled it was given up.

The Spanish fleet consisted of nineteen sail of the line, and was to be ready for sea on the 4th of July.

Admiral Nelson, with ten or twelve sail of the line, was at Naples, the King of which he had carried there, who was reinstated in Naples on the 11th May. The French army had been withdrawn and were at Tuscany.

The army of Italy had given battle several times to the Austrians and Russians, the results of which were constantly unfavorable to the French. All Piedmont had fallen, and Moreau retired to the strong fortresses of Alexandria and Coni. The army of Rome had also retired, and was endeavoring to join Moreau, but it was thought it would not be able to accomplish the junction.

Mantua was closely besieged.

The Austrians under Prince Charles, had got full possession of the Grison country, after repeated actions, it had entered Switzerland, where, on the 3d of June, a dreadful battle was fought between the Archduke and Massena, which ended in the defeat of the French; it was said that upwards of 30,000 men were killed on the field of battle. This battle was fought near Zurich; it was reported that Massena was wounded, but not generally credited. After the battle the French army retired from Zurich.

A day or two before the Aurora left Cadiz, a letter had been received from Genoa, dated the 3d of June, which mentioned that a fleet of 24 sail of the line was then off that place, but whether English or French, was not known.

Lord St. Vincent's left Minorca on the 25th of May.

The Spanish frigate La Carmen, of forty guns, had captured an English sloop of war of 18 guns, richly laden, from the East Indies, and carried her into Carthagena.

Sieyes had been elected one of the Directory of France in place of Reubell, and had taken his seat.

Two days after the Aurora left Cadiz, he saw a fleet of 17 sail standing for the gulf of Gibraltar, which captain Corrie supposed to be ships of the line. He did not speak them.

August 10.

We have been favored with the following particulars relative to Massena's army in Switzerland. They are extracted from the Publiciste (a Paris paper) of the 8th of June:

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PARIS, June 8.

Massena writes to the Directory, from his head-quarters near Zurich, June 3, 12 o'clock at night, as follows:

"The whole of this day has been a day of battle, and dreadfully severe—I have, however, been able to keep my position, and hope to continue to defend it under the walls of Zurich.

"The Austrians have advanced and now are at Zolican, half a league from this."

"The same paper also contain a letter from Basle, of the 4th June, which relates "That Massena had on that day abandoned Zurich, and his head quarters are now at Arlesheim, one league from Basle."

The Swiss Directory had retired from Lucerne to Berne.

The Publiciste of the 2d June announces the evacuation of Naples by the French, it was effected by the English and Russian troops, with the Sicilian volunteers, who were afterwards joined by the Neapolitans under Cardinal Ruffo, from Calabria.

A confirmation of this intelligence was received at Vienna

Gen. Suwarrow had sent 30,000 men against Rome, 12,000 to Lucca, and 10,000 were stationed between Placentia and Parma, to prevent the escape of Gen. M'Donald to Genoa.

The French minister of finance, in his report to the Council of Five Hundred, on the 2d June, states the whole of the French armies, exclusive of the last conscription, to be 431,000; of these there are 60,000 horsemen, and 40,000 of these are not provided with horses. He also states that the revenue yields but 222 millions, when their necessities require 466 millions.

The Altona Gazette of the 9th June, contains a letter from Gen. Melas, dated the 16th May, announcing another victory over the French troops under Gen. Moreau, on the banks of the Bormido and the Po, on the 13th five days after the capture of Tortona. The French lost 8000 men killed and 6000 men taken prisoners, 150 pieces of artillery, and 200 ammunition waggons. Moreau retreated to Coni. Gen. Victor who commanded the right wing of the army, was cut off, and retreated by Savona to Genoa, leaving his baggage and artillery behind him. The battle lasted 14 hours.

By this Day's Mail.

From the CENTINEL.

BOSTON, Aug. 14.

The dilapidations of the French Directory, and their agents, in France, have been the cause of much suffering to their "patriot armies." A gentleman recently from Italy, assures us, that *Falsteff's* ragged regiment could not have exceeded in tattered looks, the twelve hundred French who took possession of Leghorn. Besides being, generally, literally *sanfculottes*, and shoe and stocking-less, they were so wore down with fatigue when they entered the city, that they threw themselves to rest, on the pavements in the streets:—Yet such was the panic which preceded their approach, that two thousand of the finest *Tuscan* troops grounded their arms to an enemy unable to take them up!!

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The fermentation attempted by the French Directory, on account of the assassination of their two agents at *Rastadt* has not produced that effect which was hoped:—By calling for *More Money* while they demanded *Vengeance*, the veil was seen through, and indignation was flattened, by the inquiry into former expenditures of unaccounted millions. The following is one of the stimulants used by the Directory, to give a tone to the stomach of the conscripts:—"It is unfortunate that our gallant youth, who thought themselves destined to a career of greater glory, should now have to engage with assassins only; but it was not one of the least glorious labours of *Hercules*, that he was employed in his youthful years, in the extermination of monsters. Before our new *Heculeses* can fill up the measure of our glory, they will have the task of delivering the earth of the ferocious banditti who pollute it!" Thus bellows the *Reducteur*.

—

A *London* paper of *June* 5, has the following paragraph:—"The United of *America*, in their opposition to the infamous demands of *France*, has exhibited an energy of character, which, while it has astonished has also stimulated the almost disheartened nations of *Europe* to a manly and successful opposition to the aggressions of French tyranny."

—

A scurrilous literary warfare is kept up by *Touissaint* and *Rigaud*, the Chief and Second in Command of the French forces in *St. Domingo*. They denounce each other as guilty of the greatest hypocrisy and treachery.—Possibly, they both speak truth.

We last evening received a *Martinico* Gazette of July 17th—which contains nothing new. The capture of the 10-gun privateer, by the *Ganges*, is mentioned in it.

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A QUERY or TWO.

MR. RUSSELL,

I wish to enquire of those wiseacres who are continually harping on the "impending negotiation with *France*"—where it is carrying on? Who are the Commissioners on the part of France; and in what state it now remains?

QUIDNUNC.

—

From the COMMERCIAL GAZETTE.

It must afford pleasure to the humane mind, to observe, that the desperate resolution of the contending armies, to give no quarter, has in no instance been put in execution.

We expect Suwarrow's orders to the ravagers of *Italy* will be *to the right about*, and that they will be obliged to march the quick step to *France*. We cannot wish them a worse fate, than to share at home the miseries, which they were commissioned to bear to the peaceful clime of Italy; but which are now lowering over France, and must soon fall in heavy retribution on this devoted country.

It must afford an exalted spectacle to see England, firm and exalted above the storm of revolution, which has shaken the world, magnanimous and persevering in the deliverance of its nations from the greatest curse that ever marred their happiness. What ever may have been the clamors against her present minister, when we contemplate him, triumphant over a powerful, obstinate and envious party at home, uniting the various interests, and wielding at pleasure the nations of Europe, we have the strongest evidence of superior abilities which are rarely to be found in the history of man.—*As you were* is the word of this commander of monarchs and armies to the wayward kingdoms and republics of Christendom; and we anticipate the time as near at hand, when his orders will be obeyed.

—

GEORGETOWN, August, 13.

REMARKABLE FACT.

Sometime in the Spring of 1787 or 88, a young gentleman of this Town, who could not swim, accompanied by one or more of his companions went into the river to bathe; he unfortunately stepped from a bank of sand, beyond his depth, and was drowned. Attempts were immediately made in various ways to obtain the body, by diving after it, searching with boat hooks, poles &c. and by dragging a seine; but all of them proved ineffectual. Similar exertions were made next day without success.

A gentleman mentioned, that he had read of the bodies of drowned persons being discovered by means of Quicksilver placed in a quill and attached to a loaf of warm bread—This appeared so chimerical a project, that the bystanders ridiculed the idea. He observed that the experiment might easily be made and could do no injury. A quill was prepared, filled with quicksilver and inserted in a loaf of warm bread.

Some persons then got into a boat and placed the bread on the water so as to be carried by the current in a direction towards the body; when it had floated 10 or 15 yards, it became stationary, and in a short time the body ascended and floated on the top of the water, to the great astonishment of a multitude of spectators. The body had lain under water about 16 or 18 hours.

The experiment above recorded deserves a trial on similar occasions, and might even be the means of restoring life by discovering drowned bodies soon after they have disappeared.

May not this singular phenomenon be accounted for in this simple manner? The bread is carried down by the current till it comes within the sphere of attraction between the body and quicksilver, it is then brought by the same attraction over the body; and the specific gravity of the body being but little greater than that of the water, by the attraction of the Quicksilver, a substance of very great specific gravity and proportionate attractions, the body rises to the surface of the water.

—

CHARLESTON,

Camden August 4.

Messieurs FRENEAU & PAINE.

Gentlemen,

LEST any misrepresentation of a recent transaction, which has taken place in this neighbourhood, should be offered to the public, I beg the favour of you to publish the following, as early as possible.

"Col. Cantey received information, that on Thursday night last, an attempt would be made by a band of ruffians, collected at the Simpsons, (brothers to David Simpson, who lately died in the goal of this place, having been convicted of negro-stealing) to rob our old neighbour, William Bonds—they were then to take some of the most valuable horses belonging to the two Messrs. Chesnuts; finally to kill Daniel Carter, the prosecutor of David, and to escape over the mountains to where the other brothers are gone. A party was collected, and laid in ambush near the house of Mr. Bonds: about half past ten o'clock two men arrived, knocked, and asked for quarters: on the door being opened, one of them presented a pistol at the old gentleman, and demanded 500l. The party immediately appeared at the door, and ordered them to surrender. One, whose name is Tyler, (but who was not long since committed to the common goal of this place for passing counterfeit money, under the name of Hammond) sprang to the door and attempted to escape: he was immediately seized and ordered again to surrender, having a pistol in his hand; being extremely strong and active, he struggled very much, and appeared to be on the point of killing the gentleman, who had hold of him, and getting loose, when a shot was fired at him, which entered his back near the shoulder: he instantly got free and ran; several guns were immediately discharged from different quarters; he fell, after having proceeded about one hundred and fifty yards.

"Our unfortunate friend, John Brown, was soon discovered lying dead, killed by a shot in the neck; but whether by an accidental shot from one of our own party, or from the discharge of a piece from one of the villains on them, we have not been able to ascertain.

"James and Samuel Simpson were taken without resistance the next night; and yesterday were committed to goal. Hammond (or Tyler) died yesterday morning, after making many confession, and finally revoking them. A more daring and hardy villain I never knew. It appears he came fully determined to murder the old gentleman after having robbed him, to prevent a discovery.

"Mr. D. Carter, one of their intended victims, has no less than ten children, the oldest under thirteen years of age."

JOHN KERSHAW.

—

BALTIMORE, August 16.

A second attempt was made the night before last to set on fire the frame house occupied by Mr. J. Aborn, as a shoe-store, by placing fire and a quantity of combustibles under the sill of the back door, and was not discovered until the store was opened in the morning, when the fire was still smoking. Had the flames unfortunately broke out before day, there is no calculating the extent of their ravages; that whole row, from Gay-street to the vendue store, must inevitably have fallen a sacrifice, as the wind was very strong.

—

ALEXANDRIA, August 15.

It was stated in the "TIMES" of Tuesday, that the brig Active, capt. Cartwright, and the schr. Betsey, Capt. Emmons, both of this port, had been condemned in the harbour of Kingston, Jamaica, "*by our good friends and allies the British!*" These condemnations, *agreeable to the paragraph*, took place previous to June 21. It is, however, a well known fact, that both these vessels had arrived safe at that island, had sold their cargoes and proceeded home, having left it on the 6th of July. I am authorised to contradict the statement which appeared in that paper by the owners of these vessels and the shippers. The Editors of the "*Times; and district of Columbia Advertiser*," will, no doubt, gratify the public as to the source from which they obtained their *information*, and their reasons for publishing *such a falsehood*.

Three Cents Reward.

RUN away from the Subscriber on the evening of the 28th inst. a bound Servant GIRL, named Elizabeth Howckel, had on and took with her three different changes of garment and money, proud, bold and impudent, a noted lyar; any person apprehending her shall be entitled to the above reward—no costs or charges will be paid.

N. B. She had 2 years and some months to serve

DANIEL FITZPATRICK.

Goshen Township, Chester County, July 29.

august 6 3awtf

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

MONDAY EVENING, *AUGUST* 19.

PRICES OF STOCKS.

PHILADELPHIA, AUGUST 19.

Six per Cent.	15/6	
Deferred 6 per Cent.	14/4	
Three per Cent.	9/8	
BANK United States,	15	Adv.
—— North America,	45 to 47	
—— Pennsylvania,	14	
Insurance comp N. A. shares	17½	
—— Pennsylvania, shares,	27 to 28	
8 per Cent Stock—funded	par to 1 per cent adv.	
Do. Scrip with the six Instalments	1	below par
Do. the 5th and 6th Instalments	2	
East-India Company of N. A. par.		
Land Warrants, 30 dolls. per 100 acres.		

[OFFICIAL.]

Extract of a letter from an American, resident at Surinam, dated July 11, 1799, *received in Philadelphia, August 17th.*

"I think it ought to be publicly known, that this market is glutted to such a degree with almost every article of life, that cargoes are selling at great loss; say from 30 to 50 per cent: and produce is very high; coffee at 9½ to 10 stivers; cotton 17 to 18; and scarcely any to be found even at those prices. So that to the merchant, it is undoubtedly better that his property should be taken, than that it should come into this port."

—

Extract of a letter from Commodore Truxton, to a merchant in New-York.

"*U. S. Ship Constellation, August 15th* 1799.

"I send up by express, Mr. Carr, my clerk, and must request you will give your aid in purchasing for my private account all the articles per list annexed, and that they be sent on board the Constellation in the shortest time possible.

"You no doubt know that I have resigned my commission in the navy, and the cause of my having done so. The Secretary, has, however, returned it to me, with a request that I will proceed after the French 44 gun frigate seen by the Norfolk, in the event of capt. Barron's not arriving before the ship is ready for sea; and this I have consented to do—for no personal injury which I feel will ever make me less zealous in punishing the insults and wrongs done to my country whenever an opportunity of this sort presents itself. I had landed all my baggage, &c. and not expecting to go out in the ship provided no new stores—The few I have ordered will be sufficient for the short cruise contemplated; indeed I may meet Baron between this and Sandy Hook, if he should not arrive before—at all events I quit the ship on my return (for it is impossible I can serve under the present arrangement of rank)—but what a glorious event it would be, if in the mean time I should meet another of the Monsieur frigates, and how gratifying at this moment would it be to my mind. "Yours sincerely, &c."

—

Governor Davie, of North-Carolina, has been appointed by the President of the United States, an Envoy Extraordinary to the French Republic, *vice* Patrick Henry, Esq. deceased.

Mr. Davie and Mr. Ellsworth, it is expected, will sail for France in all the month of September, the stipulated "assurances" having been received.

—

Abraham R. Elllery, Esq. of Newport, Rhode-Island, is appointed Assistant Adjutant General of the army of the United States.

—

A few days since, passed through this City, on his way to Princeton, for the purpose of entering his son at the College of that place, General WILLIAM WASHINGTON, of S. Carolina.

—

The Insurgent frigate lay at anchor along side the United States, in Hampton Road, the 7th August.

—

Capt Smith arrived at Newburyport from Surrinam, informs, the day after he sailed, saw a ship to leeward having a sloop in tow, which he supposed to be the Portsmouth, with a privateer sloop which had sailed from Surinam.

—

The brig "Columbia of Portsmouth," taken up as a deserted ship, and carried into Bermuda, has been libelled there, and the salvors allowed 60 per cent for protecting and conducting her into port.

—

Brigs Franklin, Morris, of Wilmington (Del.) and Nancy, Auenburgh, from Vera Cruz, are captured by the French schr. Buonaparte, of 11 guns, manned with 4 Frenchmen and 88 Spaniards, and sent into Campeachy; cargoes valued at 240,000 dollars.

Just arrived from Bremen,

AND FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

Platillas Royales,

Brittanias

Rouans,

Bielfield Linens, in small packages fit for exportation, and entitled to Foreign drawback,

Also, on Hand,

Old Brandy, 4th proof,

Barcelona do

Russia Horse-hair, curled and uncurled,

Do. Deck Nail-rods,

American Steel, and a small quantity of Guatimala Indigo.

Isaac Hazlehurst & Son.

august 15 d2w

To the Board of Health.

GENTLEMEN,

IT is not to be wondered that stragglers from the vessels lying at quarantine should escape to the city or the Jersey shore, when doctor Rush, and some other physicians of Philadelphia, have had the effrontery to publish that the quarantine law is an useless burden on commerce, and ought to be repealed. One of these medical gentry has gone so far as to assert, that the people of London, Amsterdam, and other large trading cities of Europe, do not owe their preservation from the plague to their quarantine laws, but to their superior cleanliness. The writer who is capable of publishing so daring a falsehood as this, in order to establish a favorite opinion, would not boggle at any thing: it is not want of charity to suppose that such a man would depopulate half the city of Philadelphia, by the yellow fever, if he could but establish the doctrine of its domestic origination. This he knows is impossible, while the quarantine law is strictly executed, and therefore he is perpetually endeavoring to sap its authority, as well as that of the Board of Health. But, be assured Gentlemen, it is the general belief of all your fellow-citizens, whose heads have not been turned by a moon-struck physician, that the pestilence, called the yellow fever, is an imported disorder.

To you therefore they look, under Providence, for preservation from its desolating contagion: the law has cloathed you with ample power; and they are ready to support you, at all risques, in the faithful discharge of your duty. If I am able to judge, from their conversation, they would think it a light matter, if nothing else will do, to hang a pilot, a captain, a sailor, or a physician, on the Wind-mill Island, in terrorum, rather than suffer the quarantine to be violated with impunity:—and I am really apprehensive that nothing short of a severe example will be sufficient to guard the law or our lives against the united attacks of medical and commercial speculators.

It is reported, and some people are alarmed by the rumour, that a few cases of the fever have appeared, within a day or two, at a Sailor-house in Almond-street. You will doubtless think proper to enquire into the report, and, if you discover it to be well founded, order the patients to be instantly removed to the Hospital, and the house to be compleatly cleansed. A spark may be easily quenched. Should they recover under the humane and skilful treatment of the Institution, which is very probable; and they are persons who have violated the quarantine law, by coming clandestinely to the city, let them be punished with the utmost rigor of the law, as well as the keeper of the house who received them. Should a debauched Governor, or a stupid bench of Justices attempt to rescue them from your hands, publish the case to your fellow citizens—and if they will not support you, which I can hardly suppose, the case is without a remedy; and all you have to do is to give them up in toto, to the buffettings of Satan, or to the lancet of Doctor Sangrado.

A CITIZEN.

—

DELAWARE COUNTY.

At a very numerous and respectable meeting of the Inhabitants of the County of Delaware, held at the Black-Horse Tavern, in the township of Middletown, the 17th day of August, 1799.

It was *unanimously* resolved,

That we will support JAMES ROSS, of Pittsburgh, with our votes and interest at the ensuing election, as Governor of this Commonwealth.

Resolved, That in order to obtain this desireable object, a Committee, consisting of four or more persons, be appointed in each Township to assist in promoting his election.

Resolved, That the Committee of Correspondence of this County be requested to prepare and forward a Circular Letter to each Member of the Township Committees, earnestly desiring them to use their utmost exertions by all fair and honorable means to promote the election of *James Ross* of Pittsburgh to the office of Governor of this Commonwealth.

Mr. John Wall, Mr. Jesse Sharpless, and Michael Keppele, Esq. the Committee appointed by a meeting held at Dunwoody's in Philadelphia on the 13th instant, for the purpose of representing to this meeting their determination to support *Joseph Ball* as Senator, and to desire our co-operation therein were introduced to the Chairman, and having declared the purpose of their mission,

It was *unanimously* resolved,

That we will support, at the ensuing election, by our interest and votes, JOSEPH BALL as a Senator of this state, to supply the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Benjamin R. Morgan, Esq.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the Chairman and Secretary, and published in the Philadelphia Newspapers.

HUGH LLOYD, Chairman.

BENJAMIN H. SMITH, Secretary.

—

DIED,—At Pavia, Lazarus Spallanzani of Reggo, a celberated natural historian.

At Gottingen, George Ch. Lichtenberg, Esq. Professor of Philosophy in that University.

At Paris, Ch. Borda, aged 64, an eminent mathematician, and one of the authors of the new French system of weights and measures.

In England, Mr. John Furniss, eldest son of Capt R. Furniss, of Portsmouth, N. H. He fell gallantly on board the Wolverine British ship of war, Capt. Portlock, covered with wounds, most honorably received in a desperate action with the scourge of the universe, and survived but a few days. His brave commander, and many of his brave companions, also perished in the manly conflict of honor and virtue against vice and infamy.

——, on the 6th inst. on board the United States Frigate, at Hampton Road, Mr. COOK, Master's Mate. His remains were interred on the afternoon of the 7th, with customary honors.

—

Gazette Marine List.

New-York, August 17.

By arrivals yesterday.

Yesterday arrived here the ship William and Henry, capt. Perkins, from the Bay of Honduras, which he left on the 4th July—mahogany and log-wood to Mr. Armstrong.

When capt. P. left the bay, apprehensions were entertained of an attack from the Spaniards, and were in preparation to receive them, having lately erected fortifications of considerable magnitude on St. George's key.

July 21, in lat. 19, long. 80, spoke a Danish brig from Hamburgh, bound to the Havanna.

August 7, spoke the ship Juno, from New-York, bound to Virginia, in lat. 38, long. 74.

Same day, brig Industry, capt. Logan, left the bay of Honduras 22d July—same cargo.

Left at Honduras, the ship Grand Turk and brig Thomas, both for this port; brig Dispatch, for Boston; schr. ——, Hastings, for do. schr. Eliza, for Newburyport; the ship Niagara for London, and several others.

Off the Martyrs Reef, spoke the frigate Meleager, capt. Ogle, on a cruise who treated us politely. Off the Floridas, Aug. 10, parted from the Pomona, of N. Hampshire, from Jamaica.

On the outward bound passage, was boarded by the frigate Trent—and the Hanibal, partly dismasted, and was treated with great civility.

By the Industry we learn, that the alarm respecting an attack from the Spaniards, had subsided.—They had lately received a reinforcement of British troops, which, with the additional fortifications, rendered them more secure in case of an attack.

Ten Dollars Reward.

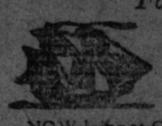
STRAYED or conveyed on Thursday night last from off the premises, about 7½ miles from Philadelphia, on the Ridge road, a handsome dark bay HORSE in good condition, about 14 hands high, with black legs, black mane and bushy black tail, cut straight at the end; has several long scratches on his back, occasioned by playing in the fields. Whoever can give information of him so that the owner may have him again, shall receive the above reward by applying at

No. 46, south Fifth street.

Philadelphia, August 19 §

For SALE,

The new Schooner



VICTORY,

William Holmes, master

NOW lying at Chesnut street wharf burthen 69 tons; if applied for on or before Tuesday next; if not sold then, she will take in Freight for New-York, and proceed immediately. For terms, apply to the Captain on board, or to

GEORGE W. IMLAY,

No. 58, Dock street.

august 19 dat

For Sale or Charter,

THE BRIG

SALLY & BETSEY,

Burthen, 1000 Barrels.

apply to

SAVAGE & DUGAN.

Who have for sale 61 boxes white and brown Havanna Sugars, Ten Hogsheads Clayed do. 1200 Bushels St. Martins salt. Claret in cases, Bourdeaux Brandy, 1st and 4th proof, sweet oil in bottles and flasks.

august 19. d&w

WILL BE LANDED,

(IN TWO OR THREE DAYS)

At Beck's wharf, near Market Street.

THE CARGO

Of the SCHOONER SALLY, from Montego-Bay, Jamica, consisting of

Sugar, Molasses, Limes, &c.

FOR SALE BY

ISAAC HARVEY, jun.

august 14 d1w

Thirty Dollars Reward.

DESERTED, from the encampment near Bristol on Sunday night the 3d inst. an enlisted SOLDIER named ADAM FRAZER, born in Pennsylvania, aged 35 years, 5 feet 7 inches high, dark complexion, dark eyes, dark hair, has a stoop in his shoulders, his head partly bald, is much addicted to liquor, and when intoxicated is turbulent and troublesome.—Had on when he went away his military cloathing. He has heretofore deserted from Fort Pitt, has the marks of a villain written on his countenance.

Also Deserted on Thursday the 8th inst. from a recruiting party stationed at Newtown, two men enlisted at Norristown, the 1st inst. the one named JOHN WILSON, born in Ireland, aged 22 years, by trade a butcher, fair complexion, brown eyes, brown hair 5 feet 7 inches high; had on when he went away, a nankeen vest and overhalls, a bottle green coat, lined with red.

The other JOHN STEAL, born in Northampton county, by trade a shoemaker; aged 24 years, 5 feet 10 inches high; fair complexion, blue eyes, long brown hair, much freckled in the face; had on a pair of thickset overalls and yellow vest. Whoever shall take up said Deserters and return them to Head Quarters at Bristol, Bucks county, State of Pennsylvania, or shall secure them in any Jail shall receive the above reward, and for either of them the reward of ten dollars.

BENJAMIN GIBBS, JUN.

Captain, 10th U. S. regiment.

Bristol, august 10. 15 d1w

Notice is hereby given,

THAT feparate propofals will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Department of War, until the expiration of the 25th of July next enfuing, for the fupply of all rations, which may be required for the ufe of the United States, from the firft day of October, 1799, to the thirtieth day of September, 1800, both days inclufive, at the places and within the two diftricts herein after firft mentioned; and alfo that feparate propofals will be received at the faid office until the expiration of the 25th day of July next enfuing, for the fupply of all rations which may be required as aforefaid, from the firft day of January in the year 1800, to the thirty-firft day of December in the fame year, both days inclufive, at the place and within the feveral ftates herein after mentioned, viz.

Firft—Propofals to fupply all rations, that may be required, at Ofwego; at Niagara; at Prefqu'ifle; at Michilimackinac; at Fort Franklin; at Le Bœuf; at Cincinnati; at Picque town, and Loramies ftores; at Fort Wayne; at Fort Defiance; at any place below Fort Defiance, on the Miami river to Lake Erie, at Fort Knox, and Quatanon on the river Wabafh; at Maffac; at any place or places on the eaft fide of the river Miffiffippi, above the mouth of the river Ohio, and upon the Illinois river.

Second—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required, at any place or places, on the eaft fide of the Miffiffippi river, below the mouth of the river Ohio to the fouthern boundary of the ftate of Kentucky and within the faid ftate; at Knoxville; at all other poffs and places within the ftate of Tenneffee; at South Weft Point; at Tellico Block-houfe, at St. Srephens on the river Tombigby and any place or places within the Cherokee boundaries; below the fouthern boundary of the ftate of Tenneffee and within the boundary of the United States.

Third—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required, at Point-Petre; at Coleraine; at Savannah, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be ftationed, marched or recruited within the ftate of Georgia; at all forts or ftations on the Oconnee and Alatamaha, and at all other places in the Creek Nation, within the limits of the United States, where troops are or may be ftationed.

Fourth—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required at Fort Johnfon, at Fort Pinckney, at Charlefton, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be ftationed, marched or recruited in the ftate of South Carolina.

Fifth—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required at the Fort at Wilmington, Cape Fear; at Beac n Iland, Ocracock; at Charlotte; at Fayetteville, at Salifbury, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be ftationed, marched or recruited in the ftate of North Carolina.

Sixth—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required at Norfolk, at Portfmouth, at Kempfville, at Charlotteville, at Winchefter, at Staunton, at Richmond, at Alexandria, at Leefburg, at Frederickfburg, at Carterfville, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be ftationed, marched or recruited, in the ftate of Virginia.

Seventh—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required at Fort M'Henry, at Baltimore, at Annapolis, at Frederick town, at Leonard town, at Hagers town, at Bladenfburg, at George town, at Harper's ferry, at Eaftown, at the Head of Elk, and at any other place or places, where troops are or may be ftationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the ftate of Maryland.

Eighth—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required at Fort Mifflin, at Philadelphia, at Darby, at Lancafter, at Wilkefbarre, at Reading, at Briftol, at Yorktown, at Carliffe, at Lewiftown (Mifflin county) at Bedford, at Greenfburg, at Waffington, at Eaftown, at Wilmington, at Chriftiana, at Dover, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be ftationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the ftates of Pennfylvania and Delaware, except the poffs within the ftate of Pennfylvania, enumerated in the firft propofals aforefaid.

Ninth—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required at Hackenfac, at Elizabeth town, at New-Brunfwick, at Burlington, at Woodbury, at Trenton, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be ftationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the ftate of Jerfey.

Tenth—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required at New-York, at Weft Point, at Fluhing, at Harlem, at Weft-Chefter, at Poughkeepfie, at Kenderhook, at Stillwater, at Newburg, at Albany, at Conojoharie, at Cherry Valley, and at any other place or places, where troops are or may be ftationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the ftate of New York, except the poffs within the faid ftate enumerated in the firft propofals aforefaid.

Eleventh—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required at Hartford, at Hebron, at New London, at Brooklynn, at Wyndham, at Litchfield, at Guilford, at New-Haven, at Fairfield, at Danbury, at Middletown, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be ftationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the State of Connecticutt.

Twelfth—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required at Fort Wolcott, at Brinton's Point, at Newport, at Providence, and at any place or places where troops are or may be ftationed, marched or recruited within the limits the of ftate of Rhode-Iland.

Thirteenth—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required at Portland in the Diftrict of Maine Glouceſter, Cape Ann, Salem, Marblehead, Boſton, at Springfield, at Uxbridge, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be ftationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the ftate of Maffachufetts.

Fourteenth—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required at Portfmouth, at Exeter, at Windfor, at Bennington, at Rutland, or at any Fort, place or places, where troops are or may be ftationed, marched or recruited within the States of New-Hampfhire and Vermont.

The Ration to be fupplied, is to conſiſt of the following articles, viz. Eighteen ounces of bread or flour, or when neither can be obtained, of one quart of rice, or one and a half pound of ſifted or boulted indian meal, one pound and a quarter of freſh beef, or one pound of ſalted beef, or three quarters of a pound of ſalted Pork, and when freſh meat is iſſued, ſalt, at the rate of two quarts for every hundred rations, ſoap at the rate of four pounds, and candles at the rate of a pound and a half for every hundred rations.

It is expected the propoſals will alſo extend to the ſupply of rum, whiſkey, or other ardent ſpirits at the rate of half a gill per ration, and Vinegar at the rate of two quarts for every hundred rations. The propoſals will ſpecify the price of the ſeveral component parts of the ration, as well as thoſe of ſubſtitutes or alternatives for parts thereof.

The rations are to be furniſhed in ſuch quantities or that there ſhall at all times, during the term of the propoſed contracts, be ſufficient for the conſumption of the troops at Michilimackinac, Detroit, Niagara and Oſwego, for ſix months in advances, and at each of the other poſts on the weſtern waters, for at leaſt three months in advance, of good and wholeſome proviſions, if the ſame ſhall be required. It is alſo to be permitted to all and every of the commandants of fortified places, or poſts to call for at ſeaſons when the ſame can be tranſported, or at any time in caſe of urgency, ſuch ſupplies of like proviſions in advance, as in the diſcretion of the commandant ſhall be deemed proper. It is to be underſtood that the contractor is to be at the expence and riſk of iſſuing the ſupplies to the troops, and that all loſſes, ſuſtained, by the depredations of an enemy, or by means of the troops of the United States, ſhall be paid for at the price of the article captured or deſtroyed, on the depoſitions of two or more perſons of creditable characters, and the certificate of a commiſſioned officer, aſcertaining the circumſtances of the loſs, and the amount of the articles, for which compenſation ſhall be claimed.

The privilege is to be underſtood to be reſerved to the United States of requiring, that none of the ſupplies which may be furniſhed under any of the propoſed contracts ſhall be iſſued, until the ſupplies which have or may be furniſhed under contracts now in force have been conſumed, and that a ſupply in advance may be always required at any of the fixed poſts on the Sea-board or Indian frontiers not exceeding three months.

JAMES M'HENRY,
Secretary of War.

merch 29

TERMS
Of Richard Folwell, in Philadelphia,
FOR SUBSCRIBING TO THE
JOURNALS OF CONGRESS,
FROM THE COMMENCEMENT
Of the American War, in 1774, to the preſent time,
INCLUDING
The Reports of Heads of Departments, of Committees, and other Official and Private Papers of that Body, now firſt permitted to be made public.

TERMS.

THE work will be printed on a fine paper, and a new neat tipe, in large octave.

Each volume will contain above 500 pages, neatly bound and lettered.

Uniformity in ſize, paper, and binding, will be obſerved throughout the work; ſo that, while the ſubſcribers become poſſeſſed of a valuable record, an ornament may be added to their libraries.

The price to ſubſcribers will be 2 dolls. 75 cts. per volume, in boards, and 3 dolls. whole bound, but, as the publiſher does not intend to print manmore than the number ſubſcribed for, a conſiderable riſe on the price may be expected to non-ſubſcribers.

Each volume will contain about one third leſs of letter-preſs than the original edition; but, as the publiſher is not yet enabled to determine the extent of the Private Journals, which he may be allowed to make public, he cannot aſcertain the number of volumes which will compriſe the work.

☞ *Payments to be made on delivery of each volume.*

Subſcribers will have it at their option, either to ſubſcribe for the whole of the Journals, up to the preſent time, or to thoſe only of the Old Congreſs prior to the organization of the Federal Government.

IN all countries, the proceedings in the commencement of their governments, are loſt in darkneſs and obſcurity, owing to a careleſsneſs, in the ſucceeding generation, to preſerve the public records, and the attention of the nation, in theſe rude ages, being called off from their domeſtic concerns, to engage in wars and conqueſt. Of what infinite value would the laws of Alfred be, had they been tranſmitted to our days? Time, that deſtroys every thing, enhances the value of well authenticated public records, and renders them almoſt ineſtimable. It is hoped, that Americans will, therefore, chearfully contribute their aſſiſtance in tranſmitting to poſterity the labours of their anceſtors—founders of the Columbian nation.

*** The work will certainly be advanced with expedition and promptitude. The following will ſhow the ſupport it has already acquired:

"*Philadelphia, June 15, 1798.*

"To the Honorable the Senate and Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States.

"The MEMORIAL of the Subſcribers, Citizens, &c. of Philadelphia,

"*Reſpectfully ſheweth,*

"That having, in our reſpective avocations, frequent occaſions to recur to the Journals of Congreſs, we experience inconvenience by the ſcarcity of them: That we underſtand that Richard Folwell, printer, of Philadelphia, has had it in contemplation to print that public record; and that he hath obtained partial countenance from many individuals; but that he has delayed proſecuting the work, in expectation of encouragement from government, that may adequately indemnify him. We, therefore, reſpectfully ſolicit, as the publication is neceſſary to be diſſeminated among public bodies, that Congreſs will, in their wiſdom, render him ſuch additional encouragement, to that which he has obtained from private individuals, as to enable him to proceed with the work, ſo that your Memorialiſts may be enabled to purchaſe copies of that record for themſelves.

Thomas M'Kean, John D. Coxe, Charles Heatly, Samſom Levy, T. Roſs, Wm. Moore Smith, John Read jun. William Tilghman, John F. Mifflin, Joſeph B. M'Kean, John Beckly, W. Sergeant, John Thompſon, Jared Ingerſoll, Jaſper Moylan, William Rawle, J. Thomas, William Levis, James Gibſon, M. Keppele, Moſes Levy, Robert Porter, George Davis, John Hallowell, James Oldden, Walter Franklin, James Milnor, John C. Wells John L. Leib, Alexander I. Dallas, Joſeph Reed, Thomas Willing, Samuel M Fox, John Nixon, Robert Waln Robert H. Dunkin, John Ewing, Jun Edward Pennington, Hilary Baker, William Nichols, William Youngs, Robert Campbell Septimus, Claypoole James Cruikſhank, Mathew Carey, Henry K. Helmuth, Peter De Haven, John Dunlap, Edward Shoemaker, John R. Smith, William Hall, David C. Claypoole, Thomas Armſtrong, Samuel H. Smith, John Fenno.

"True copy from the original Memorial, preſented to the Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States, on Monday, the 18th of June 1798:

"WILLIAM LAMBERT, for
"JONATHAN W. CONDY, CLERK."

"RESOLVED by the Senate and Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States of America in Congreſs aſſembled, That the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the Houſe of Repreſentatives, be authoriſed and directed, to ſubſcribe, on ſuch terms as they may deem eligible, for the uſe of the Senate and Houſe of Repreſentatives, for four hundred Copies of the Journals of Congreſs, which are propoſed to be publiſhed by Richard Folwell and ſuch number of copies of deficient volumes of the ſets now in print, as may be neceſſary to complete the ſame.

JONATHAN DAYTON,
Speaker of the Houſe of Repreſentatives.
JAMES ROSS,
President of the Senate pro tempore.
Approved, March 2d, 1799.
JOHN ADAMS,
President of the United States.

may 20. 1awtf

Samuel Miles, jun'r.

Of the city of Philedelphia, merchant, having aſſigned over all his effects, real, perſonal and mixed, to the ſubſcribers, for the benefit of ſuch of his creditors as may ſubſcribe to the ſaid aſſignment on or before the firſt of Auguſt next.

Notice is hereby given,

To all perſons indebted to the ſaid eſtate, that they are requeſted to make immediate payment to either of the aſſignees or to the ſaid Samuel Miles, who is authoriſed to receive the ſame; in failure whereof legal ſteps will be taken for the recovery of ſuch debts, as are not diſcharged accordingly.

GEORGE ASTON,
CORNELIS COMEGYS,
JOHN ALLEN,
} Aſſignees

feb. 14. 3awtf

WILLIAM COBBETT
HAS JUST PUBLISHED (PRICE 1 DOL. 50 CENTS)
THE
BAVIAD
AND
MÆVIAD.
By WILLIAM GIFFORD, ESQUIRE.
To which is prefixed,
A POETICAL EPISTLE TO THE AUTHOR
By an American Gentleman.

[In introducing this celebrated work to the Gentlemen and Ladies of America, I have endeavored to give it a dreſs proportioned to its diſtinguiſhed merit, and to the taſte of thoſe for whoſe amuſement and delight it is intended. No expence has been ſpared in the publication; and I flatter myſelf that the work does not yield, either in paper or print, to any one ever publiſhed in America.—This edition has an advantage over ſome former ones, as it contains by way of notes, the minor productions of the author; and, it has an advantage over *every* other edition, in the *Poetical Epiſtle*, which is preſixed to it, and which muſt be extremely gratifying to every lover of literature in this country, as it is a proof that there are Americans who have the taſte to admire, the juſtice to applaud, and the talents to rival the Geniuſes of other nations.

☞ Some Copies have been ſent on to *Mr. Somerville*, Maiden Lane, *New York*, alſo to *Mr. Hill, Baltimore*, and to *Mr. Young, Charleſton*.

Copies will be ſent to *Boſton* and other places, as ſoon as occaſions offer.]

may 28

Twenty Dollars Reward.

DESERTED from the barracks at Reading, in the night of the 5th July, 1799, the following ſoldiers in the 11th regiment in the ſervice of the United States.

Thomas Britton Booth, a private, born in Cheſter county, 25 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches and 3-4 high, dark complexion, brown eyes and long black hair which he commonly wears tied cloſe to his head, by occupation a farmer; he is a ſtout, good looking fellow, and conſiderably marked with the ſmall pox, is much addicted to liquor, and very abuſive when intoxicated; he was dreſſed in full infantry uniform except his hat—It is expected that he will change his dreſs as he ſtole a plain round hat and a number of citizens' cloaths.

Alſo, *James M'Mullen*, born in the county of Antrim, in Ireland, 36 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches and 1-2 high, fair complexion, grey eyes, ſhort brown hair, which is very thin upon the crown of his head, of thin viſage and a very pleaſant countenance; by occupation a farmer, and was dreſſed in full infantry uniform.

The above reward and reaſonable expences will be paid to any perſon who ſhall apprehend and confine in any goal, or deliver to any officer in the ſervice of the United States, the above deſcribed deſerters, or ten dollars and expences for either of them.

LEWIS HOWARD,
Lieutenant 11th United States Regiment

Reading, july 7 (10)

THE Creditors of Baly, Hill, & Evans, Inſolvent Debtors, in the county of Suſſex, are to meet the Aſſignee at the Court-Houſe in ſaid county, on the 25th of Dec. next, at 10 o'clock A. M. in order to make a dividend of ſaid Inſolvent's eſtate, that may come to hand by that day.

CH. CASE, assignee.

june 25

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

JUNE 27, 1798.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by virtue of an act, paſſed during the preſent ſeſſion of Congreſs, ſo much of the act entituled "An Act making further proviſion for the ſupport of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt"—paſſed the third day of March, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-five, as bars from ſettlement or allowance, Certificates, commonly called Loan Office and final ſettlement Certificates, and Indents of Intereſts, is ſuſpended until the twelfth day of June, which will be in the year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety nine.

That on the liquidation and ſettlement of the ſaid Certificates, and Indents of Intereſt, at the Treaſury, the Creditors will be entitled to receive Certificates of funded Three Per Cent. Stock equal to the amount of the ſaid Indents, and the arrearages of intereſt due on their ſaid Certificates, prior to the firſt day of January one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety one.

That the principal ſums of the ſaid Loan Office and final ſettlement Certificates, with the intereſt thereon, ſince the firſt day of January, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety one, will be diſcharged after liquidation at the Treaſury, by the payment of intereſt and reimburſement of principal, equal to the ſums which would have been payable thereon, if the ſaid Certificates had been ſubſcribed, purſuant to the Acts making proviſion for the debts of the United States, contracted during the late war, and by the payment of other ſums, equal to the market value of the remaining Stock, which would have been created by ſuch ſubſcriptions as aforeſaid, which market value will be determined by the Comptroller of the Treaſury.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treaſury.

june 28 1awtf

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

May 29th, 1799.

THE proprietors of certificates iſſued for ſubſcriptions to the Loan bearing intereſt at eight per centum per annum, are notified, that at any time after payment ſhall have been made of the 5th inſtalment, which will become due during the firſt ten days of the month of July enſuing, Certificates of Funded Stock may at their option be obtained at the Treaſury or Loan Offices, reſpectively, for the amount of the four firſt inſtalments, or one moiety of the ſums expreſſed in the ſubſcription certificates:—No certificates of Funded Stock will however be iſſued for leſs than one hundred dollars.

Such ſubſcription certificates as may be preſented at the Treaſury or Loan Offices in conſequence of the foregoing arrangement, will be indorſed and diſtinctly marked ſo as to denote, that a moety of the ſtock has been iſſued.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treaſury

TO BE SOLD,

TWO new frame two Story Houſes pleaſantly ſituated near the Jolly Poſt-Tavern, upper end of the Village of Frankford. There are in each houſe, beſides a kitchen, two rooms on the firſt floor; three on the ſecond, with roomy garrats, all well finiſhed; there are alſo to each, a good garden lot, ſtable and coach houſe. Part goods will be taken in payment. Any perſons wiſhing to become purchaſers are requeſted to view the premiſes, and for terms apply to

JOHN McCLELLEN.

Frankford, July 13 eotf

The Swift-Sure,
A NEW LINE OF STAGES,
NOW RUNNING BETWEEN
PHILADELPHIA & NEW-YORK,
By the ſhort and pleaſant road of
Buſſleton, Newtown, Scotch-Plains, Springfield and Newark.

THE excellence of this road, the populouſneſs of the country through which it paſſes, with ſundry other advantages, which render it ſo far preferable to the Old Road through Briſtol, Brunſwick, &c. long ago ſuggeſted the propriety of its becoming the Grand Thorough-Fare from Philadelphia to New York. During the preſent year, a minute ſurvey of it has been taken, and its ſuperiority over the Old Road, both in winter and ſummer, has been clearly aſcertained.—There are good bridges over all the other waters but the Delaware, and here the croſſing is performed with great ſafety and in leſs than half the time required at the Trenton Ferry. The road is *ſeveral miles ſhorter* than the old road, but this is amongſt the leaſt of its advantages, becauſe daily experience proves to us, that diſpatch as well as comfort in travelling principally depend on the goodneſs of the road and the levelneſs of the country, and, in theſe reſpects, the New Road is, beyond all compariſon, the beſt. It preſents none of thoſe rocky hills, which render the Old Road ſo fatiguing between the Delaware and Newark. The ſoil, too, for the greater part, is ſuch as to produce but little mud in winter, and very little duſt in ſummer, which circumſtance, added to the beauty of the country, and a conſiderable proportion of ſhade, muſt always render travelling in the latter ſeaſon peculiarly agreeable.

The Swift Sure ſtarts from PHILADELPHIA, at 6 o'clock every morning (Sundays excepted) from the *GREEN TREE*, oppoſite the Lutheran Church, North Fourth ſtreet It goes through Frankford to Buſtleton, where it ſtops to Breakfaſt; from Buſtletown it goes through Newtown to Penny-town to dinner; from Penny-town through Hopewell, Millſtone, Bound-brook, Quibbletown and Plainfield to Scotch Plains to lodge. The next morning it ſtops at Springfield to breakfaſt, from whence it goes through Newark and arrives at New-York at noon.

From NEW-YORK it ſtarts at 3 o'clock in the afternoon (from Paulus Hook) and arrives at Philadelphia the next evening. For ſeats at New-York, application may be made to Edward Bardin, Old Coffee houſe, to A. Mathieu, corner of Naſſau and John ſtreets, to B. Many, no. 43, Courtlandt, corner of Greenwich ſtreet, and to Michael Little, at his hotel, no. 42, Broad ſtreet.

Fare for paſſengers, *Five Dollars.*
Way paſſengers 6 *Cents per Mile.*

Each paſſenger is allowed to take on 14lbs. of baggage carriage free; but all other baggage, taken on by a paſſenger, will be charged at 4 cents per pound weight.

With reſpect to packages ſent on without paſſengers, the proprietors preſume they have adopted a regulation, which, though unknown to other lines of ſtages, they think muſt meet with general approbation, They pledge themſelves to make good every package on the following conditions. The perſon who delivers the package at the office ſhall ſee it entered in the ſtage-book, for which entry he ſhall pay 6 cents; he will then ſtate the value of the package, and pay (excluſive of the carriage) one per cent. on the value, as inſurance, and for which he will receive a receipt. Thus, for inſtance, if he eſtimates his package at one dollar, he will pay one cent. and if at one hundred dollars, he will pay one dollar inſurance, and in like proportion for packages of any other value.

Very few perſons it is preſumed, will diſlike this regulation; it will however, be optionable with every one to avail himſelf of this ſecurity or not. But the proprietors think it right to ſtate very explicitly, that they will be reſponſible for the ſafe delivery of no package, which is not regularly entered, and for which an inſurance receipt cannot be produced.

In the diſtribution of the route, the greateſt care has bren taken to fix on ſuch places and taverns as always afford a good accommodation and entertainment for the paſſengers at the moſt reaſonable rates The ſtages are well equipped furniſhed with fleet and ſteady horſes, and committed to the care of intelligent ſober and obliging drivers. The proprietors themſelves live at the different towns and villages where the ſtages will ſtop, ſo that the conduct of the perſons they employ is continually an object of their attention.—They take care alſo to ſee that the paſſengers are well provided for and politely treated at the taverns, and that no ſort of chicanery or inſolence is practiſed upon them; in ſhort, they have ſpared neither pains nor expence to render the SWIFT-SURE the very beſt line of ſtages in America.

The line has now run nearly a month, during which time a great number of gentlemen have gone through, both from Philadelphia and New-York. Every paſſenger has found the road to ſurpaſs very far all that has been ſaid of its excellence; and the Proprietors of the Swift Sure are extremely happy to hear the behaviour of their drivers, and the treatment at Taverns ſpoken of with the higheſt ſatisfaction.

JOHN M'CALLA, Philadelphia
THOS. PAUL, Buſſleton
JOSEPH THORNTON,
NICHOLAS WYNKOOP, } *Newtown.*
JACOB KESLER,
JOHN MOREHEAD, Pennytown.
T. KILLMAN, near Miſſion.
ELIAS COMBES, Bound Brook.
R. SANSBURY, Scotch Plains.
ISAAC RAWLE,
ROBERT PEARSON, } *Springfield.*

June 22. eod tf.

AT a meeting of the viſitors and governors of St. John's college in the State of Maryland, on the 13th day of July 1799,

Reſolved, That on the firſt day of October next, this board will proceed to elect a Profeſſor of Engliſh and Grammar, who ſhall receive, for his ſervices, at the rate of £200 *per annum*, to be paid quarterly; and that public notice thereof be given, &c. &c,

Teſt, A. C. HANSON.

N. B. The office aforeſaid hath juſt become vacant, by the reſignation of a gentleman, whoſe affairs require, the immediate undertaking of a voyage by ſea.

It is the duty of the ſaid Profeſſor (to whom is allowed an aſſiſtant) to teach the Engliſh language grammatically, and to prepare ſtudents for a ſuperior ſchool, by teaching them the Latin grammar, the Vocabulary, and Cordery. Writing is to be taught to all his ſcholars at ſtated hours; and to thoſe ſtudents who are not deſtined for the ſuperior ſchool, are to be taught, at the diſcretion of their parents, or guardians, Arithmetic, and other branches of ſcience uſually taught in Engliſh ſchools—A complete knowledge then of Latin, Arithmetic, &c. is conſidered indiſpenſable in the profeſſor; and it is expected, that candidates who are not known to the Board, will ſubmit to an examination, as well as produce ſatisfactory teſtimonials of their good morals, and fair characters.

The Printers within the United States are requeſted to inſert in their papers the foregoing reſolution and remarks, and to repeat the publication, as often as convenience will admit, until the 20th day of September next.

july 22 ¶ 1awtS20

WHEREAS,

AN attachment was lately iſſued out of the inferior court of common pleas of the county of Eſſex, in the ſtate of New Jerſey, directed to the ſheriff of the ſaid county, againſt the rights, credits, monies and effects, goods and chattles, lands and tenements of *John Cleves Symmes* at the ſuit of *William Wells*, in a plea of treſpaſs on the caſe to his damage three thouſand dollars;—

And whereas, the ſaid ſheriff did, at the term of June laſt paſt, return to the ſaid court that he had attached the defendant by a certain bond given by Matthias Denman and Samuel Meeker to the ſaid defendant, to the amount of near two thouſand dollars, and alſo by ſixty land warrants;—

Now therefore, unleſs the ſaid John Cleves Symmes ſhall appear, give ſpecial bail, and receive a declaration at the ſuit of the plaintiff, judgment will be entered againſt him, and his property herein attached, will be ſold agreeably to the ſtatute in ſuch caſe made and provided.

Aaron Ogden, *Clerk, &c.*

Elizabeth-town, July 8, 1799 (11) 1awtzm

Valuable Property for Sale,

In Cheſnut, near Sixth ſtreet, directly oppoſit CONGRESS HALL,

A LOT of ground, about 21 feet front in Cheſnut ſtreet and 73 feet in depth, whereon is a good frame houſe, now in the tenure of Samuel Benge, ſubject to a ground rent of 20s. per annum.

The advantageous ſituation of this property requires no comments, for it muſt be known, there are few in this city to equal it, an unexceptionable title will be made to the purchaſer. Apply to

JAMES GIRVAN,

no. 198, Cheſnut ſtreet, next door to the premiſes.

march 5 tu.th ſatf.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

March 11th, 1799.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, Purſuant to the act of Congreſs paſſed on the 1ſt day of June, one thouſand, ſeven hundred and ninety ſix, entitled "an act regulating the grants of land appropriated for military ſervices, and for the ſociety of United Brethren for propagating the goſpel among the Heathen;" and the act ſupplementary to the ſaid recited act paſſed on the ſecond day of March, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety nine——*to wit:*

I.

THAT the tract of Land herein after deſcribed, namely, "beginning at the North Weſt corner of the ſeven ranges of townſhips, and running thence fifty miles due ſouth, along the weſtern boundary of the ſaid ranges;—thence due Weſt to the Main Branch of the Scioto river; thence up the Main Branch of the ſaid river to the place where the Indian boundary line croſſes the ſame;—thence along the ſaid boundary line to the Tuſcaroras branch of the Muſkingum river at the croſſing place above Fort Lawrence; thence *down* the ſaid river, to the point where a line run due weſt from the place of beginning, will interſect the ſaid river; thence along the line ſo run to the place of beginning;" has been divided into townſhips of five miles ſquare, and fractional parts of townſhips; and that plats and ſurveys of the ſaid townſhips and fractional parts of townſhips are depoſited in the offices of the Regiſter of the Treaſury and Surveyor General, for the inſpection of all perſons concerned.

II.

The holders of ſuch warrants as have been or ſhall be granted for military ſervices performed during the late war, are required to preſent the ſame to the Regiſter of the Treaſury, at ſome time prior to the twelfth day of February in the year, one thouſand eight hundred, for the purpoſe of being regiſtered; No regiſtry will however be made of any leſs quantity than a quarter townſhip, or four thouſand acres.

III.

The priority of location of the warrants which may be preſented and regiſtered in manner aforeſaid, prior to the 12th day of February in the year one thouſand eight hundred, will immediately after the ſaid day, be determined by lot, in the mode deſcribed by the act firſt recited.

IV.

The holders of regiſtered warrants, ſhall on Monday the 17th day of February, in the year 1800, in the order of which the priority of location ſhall be determined by lot as aforeſaid, perſonally, or by their agents, deſignate in writing at the office of the Regiſter of the Treaſury, the particular quarter townſhips elected by them reſpectively, and ſuch of the ſaid holders as ſhall not deſignate their locations on the ſaid day, ſhall be poſtponed in locating ſuch warrants to all other holders of regiſtered warrants.

V.

The holders of warrants for military ſervices ſufficient to cover one or more quarter townſhips or tracts of four thouſand acres each; ſhall, at any time after Monday the 17th day of February, 1800 and prior to the firſt day of January, 1802, be allowed to regiſter the ſaid warrants in manner aforeſaid, and forthwith to make locations therefor on any tract or tracts of land not before located.

VI.

All warrants or claims for lands on account of military ſervices, which ſhall not be regiſtered and located before the firſt day of January, 1802, are by the ſupplementary act of Congreſs herein before recited, paſſed on the ſecond day of March, 1799, declared to be forever barred.

Given under my hand at Philadelphia, this day and year above mentioned.

OLIVER WOLCOTT.
Sec. of the Treaſury.

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